

Policy Issuance 5-98

Subject: 30-Day Waiting Period
Effective Date: October 1, 1998

This Policy Issuance updates the Federal Insurance Administration's interpretations of the applicability of the 30-day waiting period to various mortgage lending and insurance underwriting situations in Policy Issuance 8-95 (December 5, 1995). This Policy Issuance supercedes Policy Issuance 8-95 and provides answers to additional questions regarding the 30-day waiting period from Write Your Own companies and insurance agents. These interpretations are intended to serve the Congressional intent for the imposition of the 30-day waiting period for the purchase of flood insurance to prevent abuse (i.e., property owners would purchase insurance only when a flood was imminent) and to facilitate lender compliance with the mandatory purchase of flood insurance.

Policy Decisions

1. The 30-day waiting period will not apply when there is an existing insurance policy and an additional amount of flood insurance is required in connection with the making, increasing, extension, or renewal of a loan, such as a second mortgage, home equity loan, or refinancing. The increased amount of flood coverage will be effective as of the time of the loan closing, provided the increased amount of coverage is applied for and the presentment of additional premium is made at or prior to the loan closing.

Explanation: This interpretation is consistent with a basic objective of the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 (NFIRA), namely, to facilitate lender compliance with the statutory requirements for flood insurance. The 30-day waiting period was established to prevent abuse by insureds from increasing coverage when flooding was imminent. The exemptions to the waiting period on the other hand were for loan closing situations and to facilitate lender compliance with the flood insurance purchase requirements. [Note: This policy interpretation has been retained from Policy Issuance 8-95 (December 5, 1995) and has not changed.]

2. The 30-day waiting period will not apply when an additional amount of insurance is required as a result of a map revision. The increased amount of coverage will be effective 12:01 a.m. on the first calendar day after the date the increased amount of coverage is applied for and the presentment of additional premium is made.

Explanation: This interpretation is also consistent with a basic objective of the NFIRA to facilitate lender compliance with the statutory requirements for flood insurance. The purchase of additional flood insurance is to comply with the statutory requirement for flood insurance in an amount equal to the outstanding principal balance of the loan for a property owner who was prudent enough to buy voluntarily flood insurance but now must increase the amount to comply with statutory requirements for flood insurance resulting from a Federal Emergency Management Agency map change. [Note: This policy interpretation has been retained from Policy Issuance 8-95 (December 5, 1995) and has not changed.]

